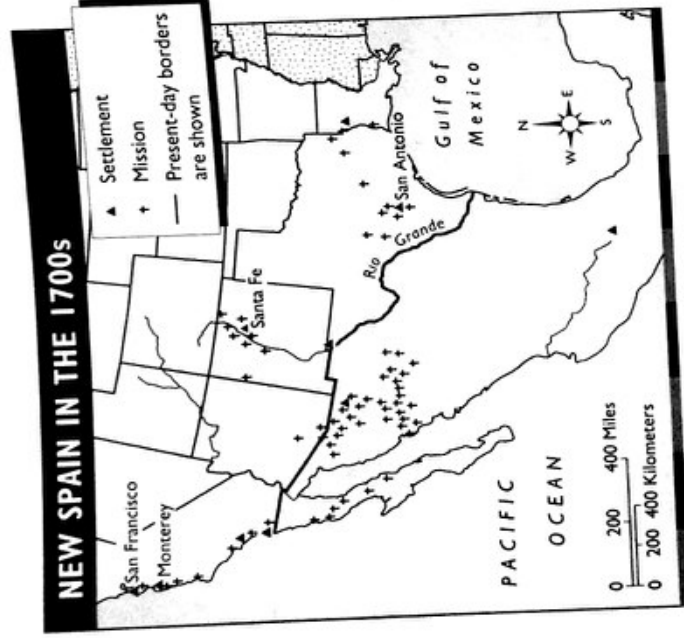


Name: _____

NEW SPAIN AND THE SPANISH MISSIONS

Use the map to complete the activities below. For help, you can refer to pages 256-261 in your textbook.



- Label these four areas of New Spain on the map:
 Mexico
 California
 New Mexico
 Texas
- Draw the route of El Camino Real on the map in red.
 Which parts of New Spain did El Camino Real connect?

- Put an X on the city where "the Alamo Chain" was located.
 What does "the Alamo Chain" refer to?

- Locate and label the first Spanish mission in California.

- What was the purpose of the missions?

- Why did the Pueblo revolt against the Spanish?

THE BUILDERS OF NEW FRANCE

Read the paragraphs below. Fill in the blanks to complete the activity. For help, you can refer to pages 264–269 in your textbook.



In the 1600s France wanted to start a colony in North America to help its _____ . The French were also still looking for the _____ to Asia.

Samuel de Champlain sailed to North America, and in 1608 he founded _____ , the first permanent French settlement. Champlain made friends with a Native American group, _____ . He learned how to speak their language and _____ .

In 1673 _____ and _____ set out on the Mississippi River in search of the Northwest Passage. They turned back when the realized that the river flowed _____ and not west into the Pacific Ocean.

The first European to see the mouth of the Mississippi River was _____ . He claimed all of the _____ valley for France. He named these lands _____ .

Name: _____

DRAWING CONCLUSIONS

Use the pictures and words on the right to complete the activities on this page.

Use the pictures and words on the right to complete the activities on this page. For help, you can refer to pages 270-271 in your textbook.

1. This picture shows Samuel de Champlain with a Huron. Read the words Champlain wrote. Then put an X next to the conclusion you think Champlain made about the Huron.

_____ The Huron are a reckless people.

_____ The Huron are a thoughtful and intelligent people.

_____ The Huron are likely to fight us over the fur trade.

They speak very deliberately [carefully], and, stopping suddenly, reflect [think] for a good while and then begin to speak again. I assure you that plenty of them have good judgment.



2. This picture shows Robert La Salle at the end of his journey down the Mississippi River. Read the words La Salle might have said. Then put an X next to the conclusion you can draw.

_____ La Salle honored and respected the king of France.

_____ La Salle wanted the lands of the Mississippi Valley for himself.

_____ La Salle wanted all the glory of his exploration for himself.

I hereby claim all the land of the Mississippi River valley for France and name these lands Louisiana in honor of my king, Louis XIV.



3. This picture shows a voyageur selling his furs at a French trading post. Read what he says about his life as a voyageur. Then put an X next to the conclusion you can draw.

_____ He has had many bad experiences as a fur trapper.

_____ He was forced into trading his furs with the French.

_____ He greatly enjoys his life as a fur trapper.

There is no life so happy as a voyageur's life; none so independent; no place where a man enjoys so much variety and freedom.

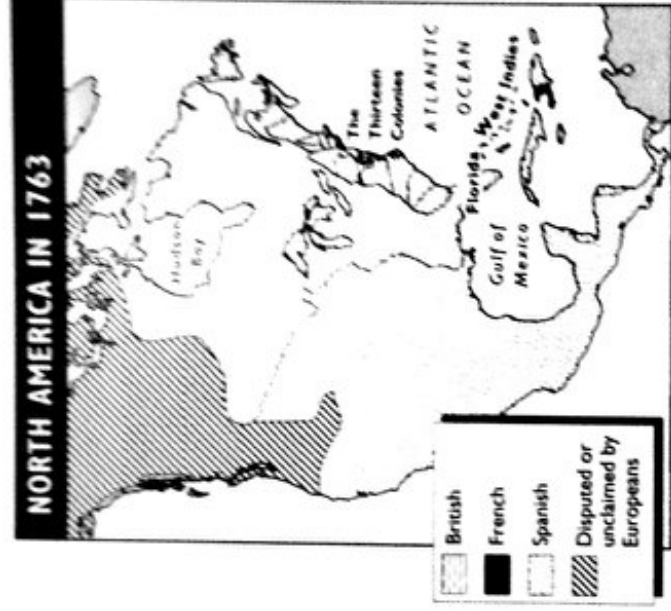
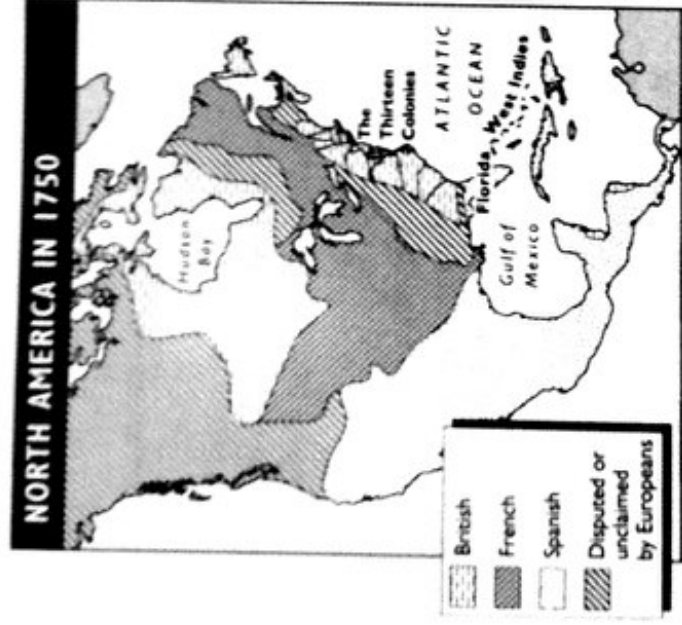


Name: _____

Use with pages 272-275.

THE CHANGING FACE OF NORTH AMERICA

Use the maps below to answer the questions on this page. For help, you can refer to pages 272-275 in your textbook



1. Which three nations are represented on the maps above?

2. Which war took place between the dates on the two maps?

3. Which two nations fought against each other during this war?

4. What caused the war?

5. Which countries gained land between 1750 and 1763?

6. Which country lost land between 1750 and 1763?

7. As a result of this war, which regions of North America did Britain gain control over?

Name: _____

LINKING NEW WORDS AND IDEAS

Write a term from the box next to the sentence or sentences that tell about it. For help, you can refer to the lessons in Chapter 10 of your textbook.

mission	voyageur	Treaty of Paris	French and Indian War
portage	coureur de bois	Proclamation of 1763	

1. This is what the British called the fighting between the British colonists and the French and their Native American allies.

2. This document, signed by Great Britain and France in 1763, officially ended the French and Indian War.

3. This document, issued by King George III of Great Britain, gave all the land east of the Appalachian Mountains to the British colonists. It set aside lands west of the mountains for Native Americans.

4. This was a settlement where missionaries lived, worked, and tried to convert Native Americans to Christianity.

5. This term was used to describe a person who trapped furs without permission from the French government.

6. This word refers to a land route from one body of water to another.

7. This was a person in New France who transported furs and other goods from one trading post to the next by canoe.
