

Lesson 13

Word List

Study the definitions of the words below; then do the exercises for the lesson.

appall
ə pəʊl'

v. To cause horror, shock, or dismay.

The inspectors were **appalled** by the conditions in the prison factories.
appalling adj. Causing shock and horror.
The television report exposed the **appalling** treatment of the farm workers.

dejected
di dʒək'ted

adj. Discouraged; low in spirits.

Jesse felt **dejected** when he couldn't find an apartment with low rent.

depend
di pend'

v. 1. To rely on for support.

Many blind persons **depend** on guide dogs.

2. To be based on.

Whether or not I go to the concert **depends** on what my parents say.

dependable adj. Reliable.

If you do a lot of driving, you need a **dependable** car.

dreary
driə'ɪ

adj. Sad and gloomy.

I pulled up the shades to let more light into Olga's dark and **dreary** apartment.

fanatic
fə nət'ik

n. A person whose enthusiasm for a belief is extreme.

Uncle Roger ran the restaurant for years, and he was a **fanatic** about cleanliness in the kitchen.

fanatical adj. Carrying an interest or enthusiasm to extremes.

Mr. Gradgrind was a **fanatical** believer in the importance of facts.

impact
im'pækt

n. 1. The striking of one object by another.

The **impact** of the ball bruised the catcher's arm.

2. Forceful impression.

Martin Luther King, Jr.'s "I Have a Dream" speech had a **great impact** on millions of Americans.

invade
in vād'

v. 1. To enter by force in order to take over.

The German army **invaded** Russia in June, 1941.

2. To intrude; to enter in great numbers.

I am putting a lock on my drawer so my little sister won't be able to **invade** my privacy any more.

invasion n. The act of invading.

The gypsy moth **invasion** caused the destruction of many Cape Cod pine trees.

isolate
ɪ'sə laɪt

v. To cut off from others.

As soon as my brother broke out in spots the doctor **isolated** him for a week.

isolation (i'sə laɪ'ʃən) n. The condition of being isolated.

The cottage's **isolation** makes it appealing to someone seeking a quiet vacation.

isolated adj. Cut off from others.

The lighthouse keeper actually enjoyed her **isolated** life.

v. 1. To live in; to take up.

My Aunt Bianca's family **occupied** the apartment next to us when I was little.
2. To take over by force.

Protesting students **occupied** the school president's office.

occupation (ä' kyōō pä' shən) *n.* 1. A person's job or profession.

Nursing is a perfect **occupation** for my brother since he loves helping people.
2. A filling up of time or space.

The sign in the elevator said that **occupation** by more than twelve people was against the law.

v. 1. To make known.

If you **reveal** the wish you made, it might not come true.

2. To bring into view; to show.

The curtain rose to **reveal** three men sitting on top of a stone wall.

n. A disorganized retreat from an attack; a total defeat.

The battle ended in a **rout** as the enemy soldiers dropped their weapons and ran.

v. To defeat completely.

The U.S. basketball players **routed** their opponents in the 1992 Olympic Games.

v. 1. To think of as probably guilty.

The police **suspect** the man who used to live upstairs of breaking in to our apartment.
2. To suppose that something is true.

I **suspect** that she knows more algebra than she thinks she does.

n. (sus' pekt) A person believed to be guilty.

The **suspect** asked to see a lawyer before being questioned.

adj. Lasting or made to last for a short time.

The town hall provided a **temporary** place for people to stay during the hurricane.

n. Great fear.

Thunder and lightning always fill my grandmother with **terror**.
terrify *v.* To fill with terror or great fear.

The reports of the crime in the neighborhood **terrified** the residents.

adj. Causing great sadness; terrible or dreadful.

The entire nation grieved over the **tragic** death of Dr. Martin Luther King, Jr.

tragedy (trä' jə dē) *n.* 1. An event that causes great pain, suffering, or loss of life.

The closing of the shipyard would be a **tragedy** for Charlestown.

2. A play that ends sadly as the hero or heroine loses at the end of a great struggle.

Shakespeare wrote some of the world's greatest **tragedies**.

temporary
tem' pə rer e

terror
ter' ar

tragic
trä' jik

occupy
ä' kyōō pi

reveal
ri vel'

rout
rout

suspect
sə spekt'

13A F

Choose two phrases to form a sentence that correctly uses a word from Word List 13. Write each sentence in the space provided.

1. (a) travel through it.
(b) live in it.
(c) To isolate a place is to
(d) To occupy a place is to
2. (a) A dependable person
(b) A dejected person
(c) takes things in stride.
(d) is in low spirits.
3. (a) Impact is
(b) a forceful impression.
(c) a desire to do good.
(d) Terror is
4. (a) rely on that person.
(b) To appall someone is to
(c) play a joke on that person.
(d) To depend on someone is to
5. (a) To reveal a place is to
(b) To invade a place is to
(c) make changes in it.
(d) enter it to take over.
6. (a) well cared for.
(b) To be fanatic is to be
(c) cut off from others.
(d) To be isolated is to be
7. (a) To suspect something is to
(b) bring it into view.
(c) be afraid of it.
(d) To reveal something is to
8. (a) A dreary event is one
(b) that causes great sadness.
(c) that lasts a short time.
(d) A tragic event is one
9. (a) To suspect someone is to
(b) believe that person to be guilty.
(c) make fun of that person.
(d) To appall someone is to
10. (a) A rout is
(b) one who has extreme beliefs.
(c) a path that is traveled.
(d) A fanatic is

appall
dejected
depend
dreary
fanatic
impact
invade
isolate
occupy
reveal
rout
suspect
temporary
terror
tragic

Improve each of the following sentences by crossing out the bold phrase and replacing it with a word (or a form of the word) from Word List 13.

1. Whether or not I go on the trip to the mountains will **be based** on the condition of my car.
2. The school building seems **dull and gloomy** during winter vacation.
3. A person with measles should be **kept away from other people**.
4. My job making pizza is **not expected to last for very long**, but I love it.
5. I was **shocked and dismayed** to find out that my neighbors had had no heat in their house for four days.
6. When cockroaches **moved in and took over** our kitchen, my mother called the landlord immediately.
7. The detective waited to question the **persons believed to be guilty of the crime** until their lawyer arrived.
8. There was a look of **great fear** in her eyes as she heard the crash of thunder.
9. The Red Sox **completely defeated** the Yankees by a score of 10 to 0.
10. *Hamlet* is one of Shakespeare's most famous **plays that end sadly as the hero loses at the end of a great struggle**.

13C Applying Meanings

Circle the letter of each correct answer to the questions below.
A question may have more than one correct answer.

1. Which of the following should you be able to **depend** on?
 - (a) a close friend
 - (b) your parents
 - (c) a stranger
 - (d) a scoundrel
2. Which of the following could you **reveal**?
 - (a) your age
 - (b) your date of birth
 - (c) your weight
 - (d) your plans for the future

3. Which final basketball score(s) would be a **rout**?
 (a) 102 to 98
 (b) 68 to 12
 (c) 110 to 108
 (d) 72 to 10
4. Which of the following might be thought **dreary**?
 (a) a blissful afternoon
 (b) a bright hue
 (c) an afternoon spent pulling up weeds
 (d) a person who lacks a sense of humor
5. Which of the following could be **temporary**?
 (a) a death
 (b) a job
 (c) a shelter
 (d) a period without rain
6. Which of the following would have an **impact**?
 (a) the death of a president
 (b) a leaf landing on the ground
 (c) the loss of one's job
 (d) a car hitting a tree
7. Which of the following might be **appalling**?
 (a) an increase in crime
 (b) world hunger
 (c) the condition of homeless people
 (d) the number of people in prison
8. Which of the following is an **occupation**?
 (a) poet
 (b) lawyer
 (c) uncle
 (d) teacher

appall
 dejected
 depend
 dreary
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 impact
 invade
 isolate
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 reveal
 rout
 suspect
 temporary
 terror
 tragic

13D Word Study

Here are nine Latin roots and their meanings. Many English words are based on these roots.

<i>tempus</i>	(time)	<i>amicus</i>	(friend)
<i>jacere</i>	(to throw)	<i>rumpere</i>	(to break)
<i>annus</i>	(year)	<i>centum</i>	(hundred)
<i>visus</i>	(to see)	<i>locus</i>	(place)
<i>solus</i>	(alone)		

Fill in the blank spaces in each sentence below with the correct Latin root and its meaning. Choose from the list of Latin roots.

1. To **isolate** someone is to cut that person off from others. The word comes from the Latin _____, meaning _____.
2. An **abrupt** change is one that breaks with the past and comes without warning. The word comes from the Latin _____, meaning _____.

3. To see properly, you need good **vision**. The word comes from the Latin _____, meaning _____.
4. A **century** is a period of one hundred years. The word comes from the Latin _____, meaning _____.
5. A **temporary** position is not expected to last a long time. The word comes from the Latin _____, meaning _____.
6. To **revise** something is to look it over and make necessary changes. The word comes from the Latin _____, meaning _____.
7. An **amiable** manner is one that is friendly. The word comes from the Latin _____, meaning _____.
8. An **annual** event is one that is held every year. The word comes from the Latin _____, meaning _____.
9. To **locate** somewhere on a map is to find a place. The word comes from the Latin _____, meaning _____.
10. To **eject** someone is to throw that person out. The word comes from the Latin _____, meaning _____.

13E Passage

Read the passage below; then complete the exercise that follows.

Anne Frank's Diary

Anne Frank was eleven years old in 1940 when the armies of Adolf Hitler, the Nazi ruler of Germany, invaded Holland, where she lived with her parents and her older sister. The Frank family was Jewish. They were appalled by Hitler's **fanatic** hatred of Jews and his plan to murder all the Jews in the countries he could control. For two years, Anne Frank and her family lived in daily **terror** of being rounded up and taken away.

Finally, the family, together with Anne's friend Peter and three others, went into hiding. Eight people **occupied** a tiny space hidden behind a bookshelf in Mr. Frank's office. They **depended** on brave friends who brought them food and news of the outside world. They hoped that Hitler would soon be defeated and their stay would be **temporary**, but after two more long years, they were still in hiding.

From 1942 to 1944, Anne Frank kept a diary in which she wrote about the things that happened every day and their **impact** on her life. Although life in these cramped surroundings was very **dreary**, Anne's diary is always interesting. In it she **reveals** her deepest thoughts and feelings. She complains of the feelings of **isolation** they all had, and she writes of their hopes of one day leading a normal life. No matter how **dejected** she felt, she always made the effort to keep the diary up-to-date.

Being discovered by the Germans was Anne Frank's greatest fear. Any unusual sounds from outside—slamming doors, heavy footsteps, German voices—could be a sign of danger. The little group had the use of a toilet, but they could not flush it during the day because someone in the building might hear it and **suspect** that people were hiding in that tiny space behind the bookshelves.

World War II ended in 1945, when Hitler's armies were **routed** in the East by the Russians and in the West by the Americans and the British. Sadly, its end came too late for Anne Frank. The Germans had found the family's hiding place the year before. Everyone was sent to Hitler's death camps, and it was in one of them, in March of 1945, two months before the end of the war in Europe, that Anne died. She was sixteen years old.

We would not know of her **tragic** story but for her diary. She left it behind when she was taken away, and her father, who managed to stay alive while in the Nazi death camp, discovered it when he returned home after the war. The diary was still there, in the place where his daughter had hidden it.

Answer each of the following questions in the form of a sentence. If a question does not contain a vocabulary word from this lesson's word list, use one in your answer. Use each word only once. Questions and answers will then contain all fifteen words (or forms of the words).

1. What part of Anne Frank's story had the greatest **impact** on you?
2. What terrible misfortune happened to the people of Holland in 1940?
3. Why is Hitler such an **appalling** figure in the world's history?
4. What was the main reason for Hitler's actions?
5. Why did the European Jews fear the Germans?
6. What is the meaning of **occupied** as it is used in the passage?
7. How did Anne Frank's family and friends get food?

8. Why did those in hiding think their stay might be **temporary**?

9. What might those in hiding have done to make life less **dreary**?

10. Why do you think readers of her diary feel so close to Anne Frank?

11. Why do you think those in hiding complained of feeling **isolated**?

12. At what times do you think Anne Frank might have been most **dejected**?

13. What made it possible for the Frank group to stay hidden for two years?

14. What happened to Adolf Hitler's armies in 1945?

15. Why is Anne Frank's story such a **tragic** one?

FUN & FASCINATING FACTS

The word **deject** comes from the Latin roots *de*, meaning *away from*, and *jacere*, meaning *to throw*. Someone who is **dejected** is thrown, or cast down, in spirit. The word **project** (used as a verb) combines the Latin prefix *pro*, meaning *forward*, with *jacere*. To **project** something means to throw it forward or send it into space. A movie **projector** is a machine that throws an image onto a screen. Many other words are built from *jacere*, including **reject** (meaning to

throw away), **inject** (meaning to *force, drive, or throw into something*), and **eject** (to *throw out*).

The lesson word **depend** comes from the Latin roots *de* and *dependere*, meaning *to hang*. Something that is **impending** is something that is "hanging," or about to happen.